**Paraphrasing Activity #1**

*Read the following passages from* Writing a Great Research Paper. *Use the techniques discussed in class today to evaluate the paraphrase. Explain why the paraphrase is acceptable or not. Upload the final document. Remember, if your answers match another person’s you will receive a ZERO. It does not help you learn to copy from someone or have someone else do your work.*

1. Original: “Research papers require students to crawl through piles of potential sources to find support for their topics. Using these sources in the paper without plagiarizing them might seem like a conundrum to students who have not written many research papers.”

-Eby, *Writing a Great Research Paper,* 2012

Paraphrase 1: Students writing research papers crawl through topics for support. Plagiarizing is a problem for research papers.

Does the paraphrase meet all the criteria?

Why or why not?

Paraphrase 2: According to Eby (2010), integrating sources without plagiarizing can be difficult for students who

are not familiar with research papers, especially because they require integrating a variety of sources to defend the thesis.

-Eby, *Writing a Great Research Paper,* 2012

Does the paraphrase meet all the criteria?

Why or why not?

1. Original: “Paraphrases are different from quotations in that they do not use an author’s exact words. You

take the main ideas from a section of the author’s work and put them into your own words.”

-Eby, *Writing a Great Research Paper,* 2012

Paraphrase 1: Paraphrases are different from quotes because they use different words than the authors. You take

the important ideas from a part of the author’s work and use your own words (Eby, 2012).

Does the paraphrase meet all the criteria?

Why or why not?

Paraphrase 2: Paraphrases use your own words to describe the main ideas from a piece of work instead of quoting

an author directly (Eby, 2012).

Does the paraphrase meet all the criteria?

Why or why not?

1. Original: “Paraphrasing will force you to familiarize yourself with more of the subject of the paper. When

using a paraphrase, make sure you change the wording without changing the author’s original meaning.”

-Eby, *Writing a Great Research Paper,* 2012

Paraphrase 1: Eby (2012) states that interpreting must demand a person to acquaint yourself among additional of

the matter of the manuscript. Whilst exhausting a restatement, verify you alter the expressing minus swapping the essayist's unique gist.

Does the paraphrase meet all the criteria?

Why or why not?

Paraphrase2: Eby (2012) notes that paraphrasing requires writers to fully understand the paper topics, because

you must keep the original meaning even though you are changing the words.

Does the paraphrase meet all the criteria?

Why or why not?